

**Safe Futures Maryland**  
**Center for Prevention of Intimate Partner Violence**  
**The Family Crisis Center of Baltimore County, Inc.**



**Resources from the CDC on a public health approach to violence and DV/IPV:**

Intimate partner violence has long been recognized as a serious, highly prevalent, and preventable public health problem that affects millions of Americans across the life span. The national public health service, the Center for Disease Control (CDC), established the Division of Violence Prevention in 1993, under the newly created National Center for Injury Prevention and Control. In 1996, the World Health Assembly recognized violence as a leading worldwide public health problem and in 2000 the World Health Organization (WHO) created the Department of Injuries and Violence Prevention. In 2002, the CDC established a program (DELTA) to focus on primary prevention of intimate partner violence. From 2009 to the present, the CDC has produced:

- [Violence Prevention Home Page \(cdc.gov\)](https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/)
- The Veto Violence website (est. 2009), with violence prevention tools, trainings, and resources based on the best available evidence and research. The focus is on prevention of child abuse, intimate partner violence, sexual violence, youth violence and suicide, as well as addressing social norms  
<https://vetoviolenecdc.gov/apps/main/home>
- A comprehensive teen dating violence prevention initiative for 11-14-year-olds living in high risk urban communities, *Dating Matters*, launched in 2009  
<https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/intimatepartnerviolence/datingmatters/index.html>
- A surveillance system on intimate partner violence, sexual violence, and stalking, The National Intimate Partner and Sexual Violence Survey (NISVS), implemented in 2010 in collaboration with the Dept. of Defense and the National Institute of Justice  
<https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/datasources/nisvs/index.html>
- *Connecting the Dots: An Overview of the Links Among Multiple Forms of Violence*, released in 2014, and *Strategic Vision for Connecting the Dots in 2016*, offering a cross-cutting approach  
<https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/publichealthissue/strategicvision.html>
- A suite of technical packages, released in 2016 and 2017, to offer states and communities the best available evidence in programs, policies, and practices to prevent child maltreatment, sexual violence, youth violence, suicide, and intimate partner violence  
<https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/pdf/ipv-technicalpackages.pdf>
- Ongoing reports, including DELTA Impact Theory of Change  
<https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/intimatepartnerviolence/delta/impact/index.html>  
<https://www.cdc.gov/violenceprevention/intimatepartnerviolence/index.html>
- Futures Without Violence is a national organization working for over 30 years on ending violence against women and children. Foci include preventing teen dating violence and building healthy relationship skills, coaching boys into men, preventing sexual assault on campus, global violence prevention, and engaging health providers, educators, and the workplace.  
<https://www.futureswithoutviolence.org>
- Preventing Violence: A Review of Research, Evaluation, Gaps, and Opportunities  
[Preventing Violence:](#)